<u>DESIGN LOADING:</u> ALL NEW AND REHABILITATED BRIDGES SHALL BE DESIGNED FOR MS-18 LOADING.

FOR NEW ROUTE CONSTRUCTION OR ROUTE RECONSTRUCTION PROJECTS:

THE MINIMUM CLEAR WIDTH FOR NEW BRIDGES SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE FULL WIDTH OF THE APPROACH ROADWAY (CURB-TO-CURB OR FULL SHOULDER WIDTH

TABLE I. MINIMUM CLEAR ROADWAY WIDTHS AND DESIGN LOADINGS FOR NEW AND RECONSTRUCTED BRIDGES (SEE PAGE 430)						
DESIGN ADT (VEH/DAY)	DESIGN LOADING	MINIMUM CLEAR ROADWAY WIDTH OF BRIDGE				
UNDER 400	MS-18	TRAVELED WAY + 1.2 m (0.6 m EACH SIDE)				
400 TO 1,500	MS-18	TRAVELED WAY + 2 m (1.0 m EACH SIDE)				
1,500 TO 2,000	MS-18	TRAVELED WAY + 2.4 m (1.2 m EACH SIDE)				
OVER 2,000	MS-18	APPROACH ROADWAY WIDTH				

ROADWAY WIDTHS FOR EXISTING BRIDGES TO REMAIN IN PLACE (SEE PAGE 431) DESIGN ADT DESIGN LOADING MINIMUM CLEAR ROADWAY (VEH/DAY) (STRUCTURAL CAPACITY) WIDTH (m) UNDER 400 MS-13.5 400 - 1,500 MS-13.5 6.6

7.2

8.4

TABLE II. MINIMUM STRUCTURAL CAPACITIES AND MINIMUM

TABLE III. MINIMUM DESIGN SPEEDS FOR RURAL COLLECTOR ROADS (SEE PAGE 426)								
TYPE OF TERRAIN	MINIMUM DESIGN SPEED (km/h) FOR SPECIFIED DESIGN ADT (VEH/DAY)							
	0-400	400-2,000	OVER 2,000					
LEVEL	60	80	100					
ROLLING	50 (7)	60	80					

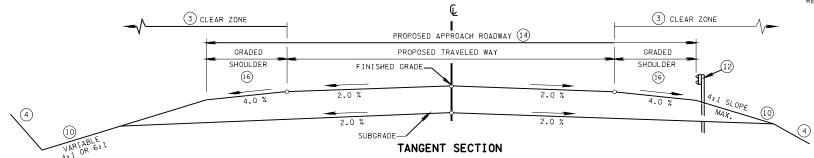
MS-13.5

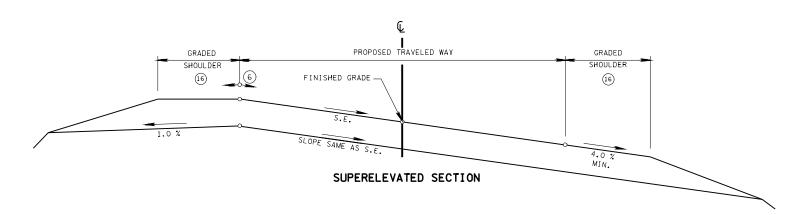
MS-13.5

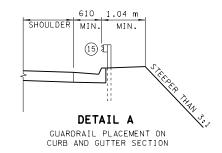
1,500 - 2,000

OVER 2,000

	TABLE IV. COLLECTOR ROADS AND STREETS - DESIGN STANDARDS (13)								GENERAL NOTES				
	DESIGN STANDARDS (FOR GIVEN DESIGN SPEED)		DESIGN SPEEDS (km/h)						1)		MINIMUM WIDTH OF SHOULDERS FOR ALL SPEEDS (m)	(A) FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS NOT COVERED ON THIS SHEET, REFERENCE SHOULD BE MADE TO "A POLICY ON GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS AND STREETS," AASHTO, 2001.	
ts2.dgn			30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	(SEE PAGE 429)		
	MINIMUM WIDTH OF TRAVELED WAY IN RURAL AREAS (m) (SEE PAGE 429)	DESIGN ADT UNDER 400	6.09	6.09	6.09	6.09	6.0	6.0	6.6	6.6	1.2	(B) PAGE NUMBERS REFERRED TO ON THIS DRAWING ARE FROM "A POLICY ON GEOMETRIC DESIGN OF HIGHWAYS AND STREETS," AASHTO, 2001, UNLESS	
		DESIGN ADT 400 - 1,500	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	1.2	OTHERWISE NOTED. (C) REFERENCE SHOULD ALSO BE MADE TO THE "ROADSIDE DESIGN GUIDE," AASHTO, 200	
		DESIGN ADT 1,500 - 2,000	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	7.2	7.2	1.8		
		DESIGN ADT OVER 2,000	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	2.4	D FOR URBAN DESIGN GUIDANCE AND CRITERIA, SEE PAGES 433-444.	
	MINIMUM RADIU:	S (m) 0.04 MAX. S.E.	35	60	100	150	215	280	375	490		(D) FOR ORDAN DESIGN GOLDANCE AND CRITERIA, SEE FAGES 433-444.	
힡	MINIMUM RADIUS (m) 0.06 MAX. S.E.		30	55	90	135	195	250	335	435	SEE PAGE 145	E DESIRABLE RIGHT-OF-WAY IS SLOPE LINES PLUS 4.6 METERS.	
2	MINIMUM RADIUS (m) 0.08 MAX. S.E.		30	50	80	125	175	230	305	395		F FOR RURAL INTERSECTION DESIGN, SEE PAGE 432.	
TRIC2003	MAXIMUM RURAL GRADES % (11)	LEVEL TERRAIN	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	5	SEE PAGE 427	6 FOR URBAN INTERSECTION DESIGN, SEE PAGE 442.	
		ROLLING TERRAIN	10	10	9	8	8	7	7	6			
		MOUNTAINOUS TERRAIN	12	11	10	10	10	9	9	8		(H) IF NO ABOVE GROUND UTILITIES ARE INVOLVED, MINIMUM RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE	
2	MAXIMUM URBAN GRADES % (11)	LEVEL TERRAIN	9	9	9	9	8	7	7	6	SEE PAGE 436	TRAVELED WAY PLUS CLEAR ZONE. 1 IF ABOVE GROUND UTILITIES ARE INVOLVED, MINIMUM RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO ACCOMMODATE THE UTILITIES OUTSIDE THE CLEAR ZONE.	
\SHARED\STANDDRAW		ROLLING TERRAIN	12	12	11	10	9	8	8	7			
		MOUNTAINOUS TERRAIN	14	13	12	12	11	10	10	9			
	MINIMUM STOPPING SIGHT DISTANCE (m)		35	50	65	85	105	130	160	185			
	MINIMUM "K" VALUE	CREST VERTICAL CURVE	2	4	7	11	17	26	39	52	SEE PAGE 426		
		SAG VERTICAL CURVE	6	9	13	18	23	30	38	45			
	MINIMUM PASSING SIGHT DISTANCE (m)		200	270	345	410	485	540	615	670	CEE DIOE 407		
딍	MINIMUM "K" VALL	JE FOR CREST VERTICAL CURVE	46	84	138	195	272	338	438	520	SEE PAGE 427		
3	SUF	SUPERELEVATION SEE STANDARD DRAWINGS RDM01-SE-2 AND RDM01-SE-3				RDM01-	SE-3						







FOOTNOTES

- (1) WHERE THE APPROACH ROADWAY WIDTH (TRAVELED WAY PLUS SHOULDERS) IS SURFACED, THAT SURFACE WIDTH SHOULD BE CARRIED ACROSS THE STRUCTURE.
- (2) THESE STRUCTURES SHOULD BE ANALYZED INDIVIDUALLY, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE CLEAR WIDTH PROVIDED, TRAFFIC VOLUMES, REMAINING LIFE OF THE STRUCTURE, PEDESTRIAN VOLUMES, SNOW STORAGE, DESIGN SPEED, ACCIDENT RECORD, AND OTHER
- 3) THE CLEAR ZONE WIDTH SHALL BE DETERMINED FROM STANDARD DRAWING RDM01-S-12. SEE THE "ROADSIDE DESIGN GUIDE," AASHTO, 2002, FOR FURTHER INFORMATION
- 4 SEE STANDARD DRAWINGS RDM01-S-11 AND RDM01-S-11B FOR DESIRABLE SLOPES AND NOTE REGARDING GEOLOGICAL RECOMMENDATIONS
- (5) CLEAR WIDTH BETWEEN CURBS OR RAILS, WHICHEVER IS THE LESSER, SHOULD BE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THE APPROACH TRAVELED WAY.
- $\ensuremath{\,^{\frown}}$ The slope of the shoulder and the roadway pavement shall not exceed an algebraic difference of 7.0 %.
- (8) ON ROADWAYS TO BE RECONSTRUCTED, A 6.6 METER TRAVELED WAY MAY BE RETAINED WHERE THE ALIGNMENT AND SAFETY RECORDS ARE SATISFACTORY.
- 9) THE 5.4 METERS MINIMUM WIDTH MAY BE USED FOR ROADWAYS WITH DESIGN ADTS UNDER 250 VEHICLES PER DAY.
- (0) DESIGN ADTS OVER 400 AND DESIGN SPEEDS OF 80 KILOMETERS PER HOUR AND GREATER SHALL REQUIRE 6:1 FORESLOPES, AND 1.06 METERS DEPTH DITCHES INSTEAD OF 0.6 METER DITCHES
- 11) SHORT LENGTHS OF GRADE IN RURAL AND URBAN AREAS, SUCH AS GRADES LESS THAN 150 METERS IN LENGTH, ONE-WAY DOWNGRADES, AND GRADES ON LOW-VOLUME RURAL OR URBAN COLLECTORS MAY BE UP TO 2 PERCENT STEEPER THAN THE GRADES SHOWN IN TABLE IV.
- (2) SEE DETAIL A FOR GUARDRAIL PLACEMENT AND GUARDRAIL STANDARD DRAWINGS (SM-GR-SERIES).
- (13) ALTHOUGH THE SELECTED DESIGN SPEED ESTABLISHES THE LIMITING VALUES OF CURVE RADIUS AND MINIMUM SIGHT DISTANCE THAT SHOULD BE USED IN DESIGN, THERE SHOULD BE NO RESTRICTION ON THE USE OF FLATTER HORIZONTAL CURVES OR GREATER SIGHT DISTANCES WHERE SUCH IMPROVEMENTS CAN BE PROVIDED AS A PART OF AN ECONOMICAL
- (14) PROPOSED ROADWAY WIDTH WILL NOT BE LESS THAN EXISTING WIDTH.
- (15) WHEN GUARDRAIL IS PLACED BEHIND CURB AND GUTTER, THE SLOPING CURB HEIGHT MUST
- (6) SHOULDER SURFACE TREATMENT TO BE SPECIFIED BY THE DESIGN DIVISION'S PAVEMENT DESIGN SECTION. DESIGNERS SHOULD REFER TO THE DESIGN GUIDELINES FOR PAVEMENT REQUEST PROCEDURES. WHEN SHOULDERS ARE PAVED AND GRADED SHOULDER WIDTH IS 1.8 METERS OR GREATER, THE SHOULDER SHOULD BE PAVED THE GRADED SHOULDER WIDTH MINUS 600 MILLIMETERS. WHEN SHOULDERS ARE PAVED AND THE GRADED SHOULDER WIDTH MINUS 1.8 METERS, THE SHOULDER SHOULD BE PAVED THE WIDTH OF THE GRADED SHOULDER.



ALL UNITS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.

MINOR REVISION -- FHWA APPROVAL NOT REQUIRED.

STATE OF TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DESIGN STANDARDS FOR COLLECTOR ROADS AND STREETS

10-15-02 | RDMO1-TS-2